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RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION, SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-ZF, PLANT A-1

LOCKHEED-CALIFORNIA COMPANY BURBANK, CALIFORNIA

SUBMITTED

TO

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY

CONTROL BOARD - LOS ANGELES REGION

FROM
LOCKHEED-CALIFORNIA COMPANY
BURBANK, CALIFORNIA 91520

PREPARED BY
GREGG & ASSOCIATES, INC.
HUNTINGTON BEACH, CALIFORNIA 92647

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RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION,

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-ZF, PLANT A-1

Introduction

During the underground tank leak investigation conducted at Lockheed Plant A-1, Mr. Joshua Workman, of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) requested in a letter dated October 3, 1984 to Mr. R.L. Miland of Lockheed-California Company, that an additional investigation be conducted for inactive metal cleaning and plating facilities, in Buildings 68 and 69, Plant A-1. Messrs. Novak of the RWQCB, Carberry of Lockheed-California Company, and Gregg of Gregg and Associates, Inc. met at the aforementioned location on October 1984 and agreed on a program. This report describes the results of an investigation at the above-ground secondary containment structure, A-1-ZF. During the site meeting, it was planned that 11-ten foot borings and lysimeters should be drilled and installed, respectively (four borings each along the east and west sides and three borings along the north side). The suction lysimeters are referred to as A-1-ZF-SL1-9, A-1-A-SL1 (which also monitors nearby Sump A-1-A) and A-1-M-SLl (which also monitors nearby Clarifier A-1-M). Mr. Novak observed the drilling of three of the borings on the night of October 22, 1984.

A-1-ZF is an above-ground secondary containment structure beneath 16 large dip tanks. Although the dip tanks were emptied in the Fall of 1984, they have contained caustic soda, distilled

water, surfactants, sodium hydroxide, sodium bicarbonate, several different chromium solutions (including sodium dichromate and chromic acid), sulfuric acid and for a very brief period, nitric acid. As a consequence, the soils were analyzed for pH, chromium, and sulfate.

report is organized basically into two parts - a text and a supporting appendix. The text provides a description of A-1-ZF and a discussion of the drilling and laboratory programs. addition, the results of the chemical analyses are presented and conclusions about the integrity of the containment and recommendations for future investigations are made. Site maps showing the locations of A-1-ZFand the associated boreholes/lysimeters, and a table providing program information and construction data on the containment structure are presented in the appendix. The appendix also provides supporting discussions, borehole diagrams, and chemistry tables pertaining to site-specific drilling information and chemical analyses. general overview of the Underground Tank Leak Detection Program at Lockheed-California Company and information investigative processes involved may be found in "Results of Undergound Tank Leak Detection Program for Plant A-1" January, 1985.

Conclusions

Laboratory analyses indicate that some of the soil adjacent to the overspill is contaminated with chromium and sulfate. The presence of chromium and sulfate in the soils around A-1-ZF suggests that sodium dichromate, chromic acid, and/or sulfuric acid from the dip tanks may have entered the soil through cracks in the underlying containment structures. The highest concentration of encomiam was round in the Sump A-1-A. pH levels were near the levels observed in the background samples (with the exception of the 5.5 foot soil sample from the boring for Suction Lysimeter A-1-M-SL1, located alongside a dip tank that had contained dilute sodium hydroxide, where a pH of 9.8 was reported). Based on laboratory analyses of soil samples collected from Secondary Containment Structure A-1-ZF, it is concluded that the containment had leaked.

Recommendations

It is recommended that several borings be drilled to depths of 30 feet for the purpose of defining the vertical extent of the soil contamination and that the suction lysimeters be sampled quarterly, for a period of two quarters, to determine if there were other sources for the contamination besides Secondary Containment Structure A-1-ZF.

APPENDIX

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-ZF

FIELD PROGRAM

Nine suction lysimeters were installed to monitor subsurface conditions at Overspill Collar A-1-ZF. This facility was not included in the initial Work Plan because it is an above-ground installation. Subsequent discussions with Mr. Al Novak of the however, concluded that, because of the facility's and relationship to underground proximity containment structures, it too should be included in this monitoring program. collar provides secondary containment for a series of large, above-ground process and pickling tanks. The tanks contained various liquids including chromic acid, sulfuric acid, alkaline cleaners, sodium hydroxide, and spray rinse water. The locations the suction lysimeters are shown on the site map. The east side of the collar is monitored by Suction Lysimeters A-1-ZF-SL1, A-1-ZF-SL2 and A-1-ZF-SL3. The north end of the collar is monitored by Suction Lysimeters A-1-ZF-SL4, A-1-ZF-SL5 and A-1-The west side of the collar is monitored by Suction Lysimeters A-1-ZF-SL7, A-1-ZF-SL8, and A-1-ZF-SL9. The east side also monitored by Suction Lysimeter A-1-M-SL1, which was installed primarily to monitor Clarifier A-l-M, and the west side is also monitored by Suction Lysimeter A-1-A-SL1, which was installed primarily to monitor Sump A-1-A. Discussion of the results of the drilling and testing of soil samples for Suction Lysimeters A-1-M-SL1 and A-1-A-SL1 is contained in a report entitled "Results of Underground Tank Leak Detection Program for Plant A-1" dated January, 1985.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL1

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SLl was installed as directed by Mr. Novak of the RWQCB. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

<u>Sampling Intervals</u> - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium-to-fine grain size and brown color of the sand remained consistent throughout the first 6 feet of the borehole. At 6 feet, the sand became coarser and the gravel and cobble fraction increased, which corresponds to a color change at the same depth. At 6 feet, the color changed instically from brown to variageted light brown, which depth.

Indications of possible contamination were based upon observations of odor, color, moisture content, and soil consistency.

There were no indications of contamination.

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-2F (continued)

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL2

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL2 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak of the RWQCB. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

Sampling Intervals - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium-to-fine grain size and brown color of the sand remained consistent throughout the first 7 feet of the borehole. At 7 feet, the sand became coarser and the gravel and cobble fraction increased, which corresponds to the color change to variegated light brown at the same depth.

There were no indications of contamination.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL3

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL3 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak. Two attempts were made to install the lysimeter to the planned depth, an electrical conduit 2 feet below the surface, however, prevented successful completion of the first attempt. The second attempt reached completion depth of 10 feet. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

Sampling Intervals - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium-to-coarse grain size and brown color of the sand, and the common occurrence of gravel remained consistent throughout the entire borehole.

There were no indications of contamination.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL4

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL4 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

<u>Sampling Intervals</u> - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium to fine grain size and brown color of the sand remained consistent throughout the first 5 feet of the borehole. At 5 feet, the sand became coarser and the gravel and cobble fraction increased, which corresponds to the color change at the same depth. At 8 feet, the sand became very

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-2F (continued)

fine and the gravel and cobble fraction disappeared completely. From 5 to 8 feet, the color changed from brown to variegated light brown which corresponds with the general grain size increase at the same depth. At 8 feet, the soil returned to a brown color.

There were no indications of contamination.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL5

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL5 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

<u>Sampling Intervals</u> - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium-to-fine grain size of the sand remained consistent throughout the first 8 feet of the borehole. At 8 feet, the sand became finer, and the gravel and cobble fraction decreased. The soil was brown in color throughout the borehole.

There were no indications of contamination.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL6

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL6 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

Sampling Intervals - Soil samples were taken at depths of 6 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak.

Field Observations - The medium-to-fine grain size of the sand became increasingly coarse with depth. At 7 feet, the sand became much coarser, and the gravel fraction increased, which corresponds to the color change at the same depth. The soil was brown in color throughout the first 7 feet. At 7 feet, the color changed slightly from brown to red, which may indicate chromic acid contamination.

There were possible indications of contamination.

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL7

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL7 was installed as directed by Mr. Novak. The location of the suction lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT

A-1-ZF (continued)

Sampling Intervals and 10 feet, as ap

Field Observation remained consist At 9 feet, the increased sign was brown in

There were

SUCTION

Monito insta lysi

Sampling 10 feet, as a

Field Observations
remained consistent
gravel and cobbles rema.
The soil was brown in color
feet, the color shade changed

There were no indications of contamin.

samples, individual depth sulfate, and pH in the

tions of chromium and s (4.4 and 2.9 mg/kg, s analyzed. Eight levels of sulfate les were below the

und A-1-ZF may beneath the t containing a sulfuric

ests that ay have ainment

> rged 'g. id

SUCTION LYSIMETER A-1-ZF-SL9

Monitoring Installations - Suction Lysimeter A-1 installed as directed by Mr. Novak. The location of lysimeter is indicated on the site map.

Sampling Intervals - Soil samples were taken at depths of 5 and 10 feet, as approved in the field by Mr. Novak. The lower 3 feet of the borehole was blocked by caving sand after the 10-foot sample was extracted, therefore the lysimeter was placed at a depth of 7 feet.

<u>Field Observations</u> - The medium-to-coarse grain size of the sand remained consistent throughout the borehole. The occurrence of gravel and cobbles remained frequent throughout the boring. The soil was a variegated light brown color throughout the excavation.

There were no indications of contamination.

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-ZF (continued)

LABORATORY PROGRAM AND ANALYSIS

<u>Laboratory Program</u> - Based on field observations of the potential presence of contaminants in the soil samples, individual depth samples were analyzed for chromium, sulfate, and pH in the laboratory.

Laboratory Analysis - The pertinent laboratory analysis results are summarized in Table A-1-ZF. Concentrations of chromium and sulfate were above background concentrations (4.4 and 2.9 mg/kg, respectively) in 12 out of 22 soil samples analyzed. Eight additional samples had moderate to high levels of sulfate contamination; chromium levels for these samples were below the levels reported for the background samples.

The sulfate contamination found in the soils around A-1-ZF may be the result of leakage of the containment pits beneath the dip tank containing sulfuric acid or beneath that containing chromic acid (chromic acid is the product of a sulfuric acid/sodium dichromate mixture).

The presence of chromium in the soils around A-1-ZF suggests that sodium dichromate and chromic acid from the dip tanks may have entered the soil through cracks in the underlying containment structure.

The concentration of chromium in the contaminated samples ranged from 7.6 to 102 mg/kg and sulfate ranged from 8.7 to 260 mg/kg. pH levels were near the levels observed in the background exception of the 5.5-foot soil sample samples, with the collected from the boring for Suction Lysimeter A-1-M-SL1, had a pH of 9.8. That boring is located alongside a dip tank which had contained dilute sodium hydroxide. In general, soil samples collected from the borings for Suction Lysimeters A-1located near the north-east corner of the ZF-SL2-5, all containment, had the lowest levels of contamination. levels of chromium and sulfate found in samples collected Sump A-1-A (adjacent to the west side of Secondary Containment Structure A-1-ZF) are probably the result of overflow or leakage of the sump. Samples collected from A-1-ZF-SL7 and A-1-ZF-SL9, also on the west side of Secondary Containment Structure A-1-ZF, In general, of contamination. levels lower far chromium and sulfate were higher in samples concentrations of collected from borings adjacent to the southern part secondary containment structure.

CONCLUSIONS

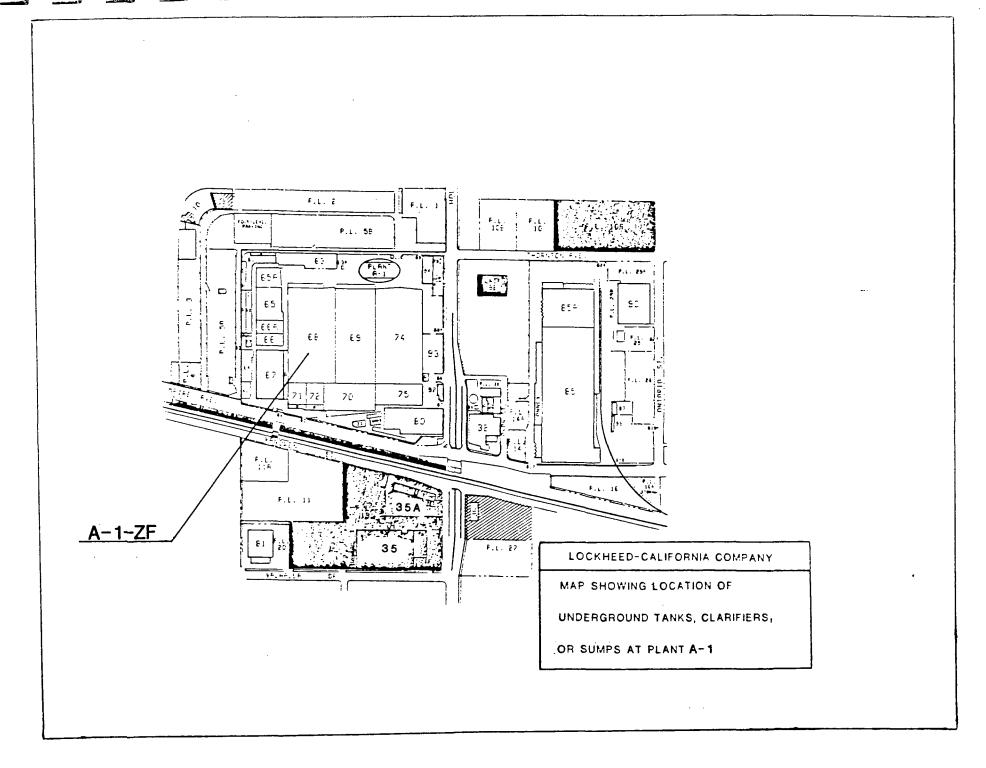
Laboratory analyses indicate that some of the soil around the overspill is contaminated with chromium and sulfate. Other than the reddish color of the soil noted in the drilling report for

SECONDARY CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE A-1-ZF

Suction Lysimeter A-1-ZF-SL6 (suggesting chromic contamination), field observations do not suggest contamination around the A-1-2F facility. The laboratory analyses, however, do suggest that the secondary containment structure had leaked. Furthermore, the distribution of the higher concentrations of chromium and sulfate, with regards to the borehole location from which the samples were taken, indicates that the southern part of the secondary containment structure, Clarifier A-1-M, and Sump A-1-A are probably the main sources for the contamination.

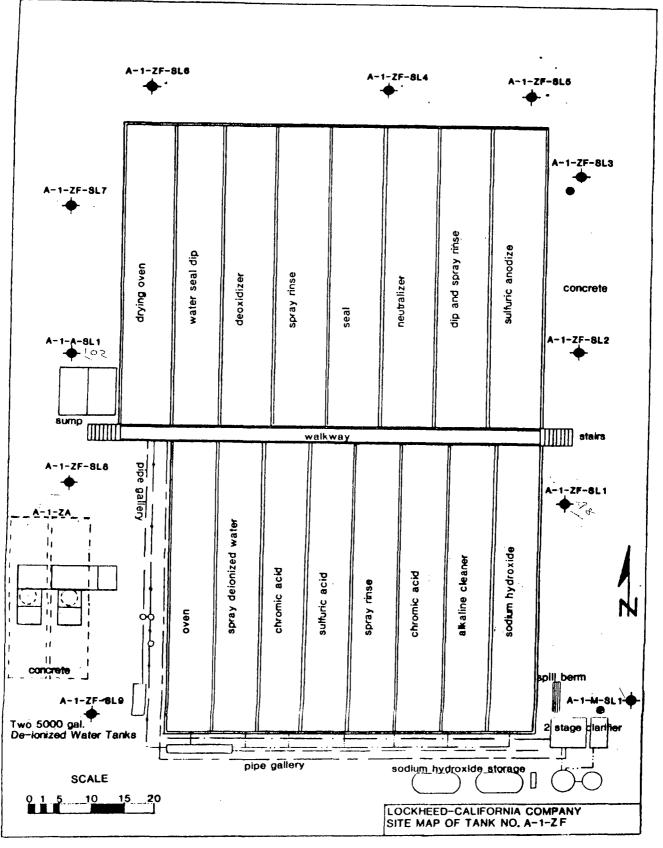
RECOMMENDATIONS

Additional drilling, sampling, and chemical analyses should be conducted to further determine the exact origin and extent of the contamination. Several additional borings should be drilled to depths of 30 feet to assess the vertical extent of the contamination. The suction lysimeters should be sampled quarterly, for a period of two quarters, to determine the origin of the contamination.



lank No.	A-1-2F
Frant No./Hearest Bldg.	; Al/Blag. 68 (inside)
lanx: Location	: 2555 N. Hollywood Way
installation Date	i UNK
Capacity, gal.	UNK
Use/Process	Secondary containment Deerspill containment
Contents (past,CAS Mo.,date): Chromic acid : Sulturic acid ! Alkaline cluaner : Sudiwa hydroxide
(present,CAS No.)	: Empty : (fall, 1984) :
Construction Materials	Concrete
Seconetry	l kectangular
Depth la lup	ANU I
Deptn To invert	: UML
Diameter	i lov ft
Length (1)	70 ft
Containment	Secondary containment
	UNK
Status	Abandoned
lans tiping: Number	UNK .
lype	UMA
Construction Mat.	Steel
Site: Faving Material/Inickness	Concrete/6-10 in.
Appear ance	Poor
Surface Contamination	1 166 1
britishy kig lype/heguirements (3)	i H.S. Auger
Burings (no. /	i •
Sample Depths	` ; ;
Vapor Helis/Lysimeters (No.)	11
Sample Depths	: A-I-21-5i1-5,8,9: 5,10 ft : A-I-27-5i8,7: 6,10 ft : A-I-A-5i1: 5,10 ft : A-I-M-5i1: 5.5,10 ft :
Completion Interval	A-1-lF-5L1-Y: 10 ft A-1-A-5L1: 10 ft A-1-A-5L1: 10 ft
Laburatory Frogram (4) No. of Tank Content Samples	
Farancters	N.A.
1	
No. of lank Soil Samples	22
Parameters .	С r , 5ú4 , рн ;

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	1		SAMPLE	NO.				. •		
PARAMETER	BACK- GROUND SAMPLE	TTLC ;	A-1-2F SL1 5 ft.	A-1-1F SL1 10 ft.	A-1-ZF 5L2 5 ft.	A-1-1F SL2 10 ft.	A-1-ZF SL3 5 ft.	A-1-ZF SL3 10 ft.	A-1-ZF SL4 5 ft.	A-1-ZF SL4 10 ft.
Volatile Organics (ug/kg)	}	N.A. :	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Benzene	(0.2	{								
Bromodichloromethane	: (0.1	1								
Bromoform	(0.7	1								
Chloroethane	1 (0.8	1 1								
Chlorofora	1.0)	ł								
Chloromethane	1 (0.2	ł								
Perchloroethylene	1 (0.4	1								
Taluene	1 (0.4	1								
1,1,1 Trichlorethane	1 (0.2	;	•							
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	<0.1	1								
Trichloroethene	1 (0.3	# 2,040 1								
Vinyl Chloride	: (0.2									
Stoddard Solvent (æg/kg)	: N.T.	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N. ſ.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (mg/kg)	1 (2.0	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Dil & Grease (mg/kg)) N.T.	N.A. ;	н.т.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N. T.	N.T.
CAM Metals (mg/kg)	!									
Antimony	1 (2.5	500 1								
Arsenic	7.21	500 ;								
Barium	1 46.7	10,000								
Beryllium	1 (1.0	75 :								
Ladmium	₹ ⟨2.5	100								
Chromium (Total)	4.4	2,500 1	40.Ū	48.1	6.8	6.2	4.7	4.8	19.8	2.6
Cobalt	: 3.0	8,000 1								
Copper	1 16.7	250 1								
Lead	₹ ₹2.5	1,000 1								
Mercury	1 <0.1	20 1								
Malybdenum	3.8	3,500								
Nickel	1 4.1	2,000 1								
Seienium	1 (2.5	100								
Silver	1 <2.5	500 1								
Thallium	1 (2.5	700								
Vanadium	10.7	2,400								
Zinc	26.6	2,500								
Others	1									
pH (standard units)	8.64	N.A. I	8.69	7.92	8.43	8.53	8.25	8.44	8.62	8.78
Sodium	N.T.	N.A. !	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Chloride (mg/kg)	i N.T.	N.A. 1	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Flouride (mg/kg)	i N.T.	18,000	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
	: <0.2	N.A. 1	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Sulfate (mg/kg)	1 2.9	N.A.	41	30	18	17	8.7	11	14	(8.0

N.A. NOT AVAILABLE

N.D. NOT DETECTED

N.T. NOT TESTED

THE TOTAL THRESHOLD LIMIT CONCENTRATION

		:	SAMPLE	٧٥.			•			
PARAMETER	: BACK- GROUND SAMPLE	 	A-1-ZF SL5 5 ft.	A-1-ZF SL5 10 ft.	A-1-ZF SL6 6 ft.	A-1-ZF SL6 10 ft.	A-1-2F SL7 6 ft.	A-1-ZF SL7 10 ft.	A-1-ZF SLB 5 ft.	A-1-2F SL8 10 ft.
Volatile Organics (ug/kg)		N.A. :	N.T.	N. I.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Benzene	(0.2	1								
Bromodichloromethane	1 <0.1	i								
Bromoform	1 (0.7	;								
Chloroethane	(0.8	}								
Chloroform	(0.1	;								
Chloromethane	: ⟨0.2	}								
Perchloroethylene	1 (0.4	;								
luluene	(0.4	1								
1,1,1 Trichlorethane	1 (0.2	1								
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	1 (0.1	i i								
Trichloroethene	1 (0.3	* 2,040 (
Vinyl Chloride	1 (0.2	 !-								
itoddard Solvent (mg/kg)	! N.T.	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
etroleum Hydrocarbon (mg/kg)	1 (2.0	N.A.	N. T.	N. T.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
lil & Grease (mg/kg)	; N.T.	N.A. !	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
CAM Netals (mg/kg)	1									
Antimony	1 (2.5	500 1								
Arsenic	1 7.21	500								
Bariu m	1 46.7	10,000 !								
Beryllium	1 (1.0	75 ;								
Cadmium	1 (2.5	100 :								
Chromium (Total)	1 4.4	2,500 1	3.1	2.7	4.5	11.3	7.6	12.1	5.2	23.7
Cobalt	1 3.0	8,000 :								
Copper	16.7	250 :								
Lead.	1 (2.5	1,000 1								
Mercury	1 <0.1	20 1								
Malybdenum	1 3.8	3,500								
Nickel	1 4.1	2,000								
Selenium	1 (2.5	100								
Silver	1 (2.5	500 :								
Thallium	1 (2.5	700 l								
'Vanadium'	1 10.7	2,400 1								
linc	26.6	2,500								
)thers	: :	·; ;								
pH (standard units)	8.64	N.A.	7.25	8.27	9.37	8.53	8.78	8.25	8.08	7.56
Sodium	N.T.	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Chloride (mg/kg)	: N.T.	N.A. :	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
	i N.T.	18,000 :	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Cyanide (mg/kg)	1 (0.2	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Sulfate (mg/kg)	1 2.9	N.A. :	9.3	(8,0	17	13	10	13	26	80

N.A. NOT AVAILABLE

N.D. NOT DETECTED

N.T. NOT TESTED

TILC TOTAL THRESHOLD LIMIT CONCENTRATION

	1	. 1	SAMPLE NO	•				
PARAMETER	BACK- GROUND SAMPLE	TTLC :	A-1-ZF SL9 5 ft.	A-1-ZF SL9 10 ft.	A-1-A SL1 5 ft.	A-1-A SL1 10 ft.	A-1-M SL1 5.5 ft.	A-1-M SL1 10 ft.
Volatile Organics (ug/kg)	·;	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N.T.	N.T.
Benzene	1 <0.2	1					•	
Bromodichloromethane	1 (0.1	;						
Bromoform	1 (0.7	1						
Chloroethane	1 <0.8	1						
Chloroform	: ⟨0.1	;						
Chloromethane	1 (0.2	1						
Perchloroethylene	1 <0.4	1						
Toluene	1 (0.4	}						
1,1,1 Trichlorethane	1 (0.2	:						
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	1 (0.1	1						
Trichloroethene	1 (0.3	+ 2,040 (
Vinyl Chloride	(0.2							
Stoddard Solvent (mg/kg)	1 N.T.	N.A. :	%. 1.	1.12	\mathbf{x}, t_{γ}	N. U.	N. T.	N:T:
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (mg/kg)	1 (2.0	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N. T.	N. T.	N. T.
Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	I N.T.	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
CAM Metals (mg/kg)	;	; ;						
Antimony	1 (2.5	SVV						
Arsenic	7.21	500 1						
Barium	46.7	10,000 :						
Beryllium	1 (1.0	75 }						
Cadmium	1 (2.5	100						
Chromium (Total)	1 4.4	2,500 :	16.1	25.9	102	65.8	6.4	30.1
Cobalt	3.0	8,000						
Copper	16.7	250 l						
Lead .	1 (2.5	1,000						
•	: <0.1	20 1						
Mal ybdenu a	3.8	3,500 :						
Nickel	4.1	2,000						
	(2.5	100						
	₹ ₹2.5	500						
	{2.5	700 :						
	10.7	2,400						
Zinc	26.6	2,500 				*******		
lthers		1					_ _	
pH (standard units)	8.64	N.A.	8.80	8.59	7.88	7.91	9.80	7.95
Sodium	N.T.	N.A. 1	N.T.	N. [.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Chloride (mg/kg)	N.T.	N.A. !	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Flouride (mg/kg)	N.T.	18,000 !	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
	(0.2	N.A.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.	N.T.
Sulfate (mg/kg)	2.9	N.A. :	33	27	250	260	81	210

N.A. NOT AVAILABLE

N.D. NOT DETECTED

N.T. NOT TESTED

TILC TOTAL THRESHOLD LIMIT CONCENTRATION

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 - - 4 - - 5 - - 6 - - 7 - - 8 -		35	Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, brown, some pea size gravel & occasional small cobbles Color change, sand, lighter & coarser Sand, medium grain, brown frequent cobbles to 8-inches
	- 9 10 11 12 13 14 -		-18	
•	- 15 - - 16 - - 17 - - 18 - - 19 -			
	- 20 -			

COMPLETION & BACKFILL

-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft -Concrete, 0-4 ft -Bentonite, 4-5 ft -Clean sand, 5-6 ft -Silica sand, 6-10 ft

TANK NO. A-1-ZF

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL1

-		1	γ	BI OW	
_1	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
		- 0 -	12000	<i>j</i>)	Concrete Sand, Fine to sedime
1		- 2 - ()		a	retrictal fill
a		- 3 - h			
1		- 5 -		17—	
۹ ا		-6-			
		- 7 -			Sand, fine to medium grain, brown to
1		- 8 -	0		rariegated brown, Erequent cobbles
		- 10 -	Coss	23	
		- 11 -			
1		- 12 -			ľ
		- 13 -			
		- 14 -	j		
•		- 15 -			
J ■	·	- 16 -			
	·	- 17 - - 18 -			
1		- 19 -		1	
1		- 20 -		1	
}	COMPLETION & BACKFILL				
1	-Suction Lysimeter				
1	at 10 ft -Concrete, 0-4 ft -Bentonite, 4-5 ft	TAN	IK NO.	A-1-	-ZF
	-Clean sand, 5-6 ft -Silica sand, 6-10 ft				
•	-	SUC	HON L	1 OIMIE	TER NO. A-1-ZF-SL2

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 -	るうという		Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, brown, w/small pea size gravel
	- 4 - - 5 - - 6 -	3 0 4 4 0 4 4 0 6 9 1	-20	Cobbles from 4 to 6 ft
	- 7 - - 8 - - 9 - - 10 -		-28	Sand, fine grain, brown
	- 11 - - 12 - - 13 -			
	- 14 - - 15 -			
	- 16 - - 17 -			
	- 18 -			
	- 19 - - 20 -			
COMPLETION & BACKFILL				
-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft -Blank 2-in I.D.				

-Suction Lysimeter
at 10 ft
-Blank 2-in I.D.
PVC pipe, 0-5 ft
-Concrete, 0-4 ft
-Bentonite, 4-6 ft
-Silica sand & native sand

TANK NO. A-1-ZF

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL4

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 - - 4 -	なないな		Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, brown, some pea size gravel
	- 5 - - 6 - - 7 -	0.0	20—	Sand, fine to coarse grain, brown, large cobble
	- 8 - - 9 - - 10 -	8 8 9	-32	Sand, very fine, some medium grain, brown
	- 11 - - 12 -			
	- 13 - - 14 - - 15 -	·		
	- 16 - - 17 -			
	- 18 - - 19 - - 20 -			
COMPLETION & BACKFILL		<u></u>	I	

-Suction lysimeter at 10 ft Blank 2-in I.D.

PVC pipe, 0-5 ft
Concrete, 0-4 ft
Bentonite, 4-6 ft
Silica sand & native mix. 6-10 ft

TANK NO. A-1-ZF

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL5

	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION			
(COMPOS)		- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 -	スペッとベッ		Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, brown, some gravel			
		- 4 - - 5 - - 6 -		-43	Slightly coarser Cobble layer in very fine grain sand Sand, coarse grain,			
		- 8 - - 9 - - 10 -	0	-13	brown to red brown, very dry,w/pea size gravel			
		- 11 - - 12 - - 13 - - 14 -	,					
9		- 15 - - 16 - - 17 - - 18 -						
	COMPLETION & BACKFILL	- 19 - - 20 -						
7	-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft -Blank 2-in I.D. PVC pipe, 0-5 ft -Concrete, 0-3 ft -Bentonite, 3-4 ft -Silica sand & native	TANK NO. A-1-ZF SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL6						

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH - 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 -			Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, brown, some pebbles large cobble slightly grey numerous 2-in cobbles continued cobbles peasize gravel in sand, loose
	- 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 -			
COMPLETION & BACKFILL		 		
-Suction Lysimeter				

-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft
-Blank 2-in I.D.
PVC pipe, 0-5 ft
-Concrete, 0-3 ft
-Bentonite, 3-4 ft
-Clean sand, 4-6 ft
Bilica sand & native
mix, 6-10 ft

TANK NO. A-1-ZF

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL7

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW CNTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	- 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 -		-28	Concrete Sand, medium to coarse grain, variegated brown, frequent pebbles & occasional cobbles, loose -slightly darker brown
COMPLETION & BACKFILL				
-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft -Blank 2-in I.D. PVC pipe, 0-5 ft -Concrete, 0-3 ft -Bentonite, 3-4 ft -Clean sand, 4-6 ft -Silica sand & native mix, 6-10 ft		NK NO. CTION L		1-ZF ETER NO. A-1-ZF-SL8 GREGG & ASSOCIATES, INC.

at 7 ft

-Blank 2-in I.D. PVC pipe, 0-5 ft

-Concrete, 0-3 ft

-Bentonite, 3-4 ft -Clean sand, 4-5 ft

-Silica sand & native

mix, 5-7 ft

TANK NO. A-1-ZF

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-ZN-SL9

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	- 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 -	スペンパン		Concrete Sand, fine to medium grain, dark brown, occasional pebbles & small cobbles Sand, fine to medium grain, brown
COMPLETION & BACKFILL				

-Suction Lysimeter
at 10 ft
-Blank 2-in I.D.
PVC pipe, 0-5 ft
-Concrete, 0-3 ft
-Bentonite, 3-4 ft
-Clean sand, 4-6 ft
-Silica sand & native

mix, 6-10 ft

TANK NO. A-1-A

SUCTION LYSIMETER NO. A-1-A-SL1

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	DEPTH	LOG	BLOW	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTI
	- 0 -	(10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 ×		Concrete, 8-in thick Sand, fine to coarse wrein brown to variegated, occasional pebbles
	- 4 - - 5 - - 6 - - 7 - - 8 -		-50	Cobble layer
	- 10 - - 11 - - 12 - - 13 - - 14 - - 15 -	0	-50	
	- 16 - - 17 - - 18 - - 19 - - 20 -			
-Suction Lysimeter at 10 ft -Concrete, 0-4 ft -Bentonite, 4-5 ft -Clean sand & native mix, 5-10 ft		K NO.		-M TER NO. <u>A-1-M-SL1</u>

.... . 1 - . 0 1 5 1

A-1-M-5L1

A-1-M-5L1

November 12, 1984

RECEIVED NOV 1 5 1984

Gregg & Associates, Inc. 18351 Beach Blvd., Suite L Huntington Beach, CA 92647

Attention: Dean Gregg

Re: Lockheed Project; #84-106

A1-A-LSY 1 10'

On October 25, 1984 Analytical Technologies, Inc. received the tenth shipment containing thirty-three (33) soil samples, collected from the Lockheed project site. The samples were analyzed for chromium, pH, petroleum hydrocarbons, oil & grease and volatile organics.

Outlined below is the disposition of each sample.

1) These samples were analyzed for soil pH and chromium.

•						
A-1-2F-5L5 A-1-2F-5L5 A-1-2F-5L6 A-1-2F-5L7 A-1-2F-5L7 A-1-A-5L1 A-1-A-5L1 A-1-ZF-5L8 A-1-ZF-5L8	-A1-A-SL6 A1-A-SL7 A1-A-SL7 A1-A-SL8 A1-A-SL8 A1-A-SL9 A1-A-SL9 A1-A-SL10 A1-A-SL10 A1-A-SL10	5' 10' 5' 10' 6' 10' 5' 10' 5'	A-1-2F-5L1 A-1-2F-5L2 A-1-2F-5L2 A-1-2F-5L3 A-1-2F-5L3 A-1-2F-5L4 A-1-2F-5L4 A-1-2F-5L9 A-1-2F-5L9	A1-A-SL3 A1-A-SL4 A1-A-SL4 A1-A-SL5 A1-A-SL5 A1-A-SL11	10' 5' 10' 5' 10' 5'	Note: Sample 10 number assigned in the field we changed after sample were sent to the laboratory. The corrected 10 numbers are shown
A~1~/ハーフ L 1		•.•				

These two (2) samples were analyzed for volatile organics using GC/MS (EPA Method 8240).

FIS Composite of B1-A*-B1 6', 13', 18', 30', 40' Composite of B1-F14-MV1 12', 12', 25', 40'

These samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons (EPA Method 418.1) and/or oil and grease (EPA Method 413.2) using IR.

B1-45-B1 B1-F14-MV2- 12' B1-A-B1 13' B1-F14-MV1 12'



I.D. 01-001611 Gregg & Associates, Inc. Page 2

FIS		
F15 B1-#4-B1	18'	✓B1-F14-MV
SI FIST	30,	91-F14-MV
₩81- № -B1	40'	•
B1-F2-MV1	51//	
B1-F1-MV2	17י/	

All analyses were in accordance with EPA methods or equivalent. Enclosed are the test results.

If you have any questions, please call.

Carolyn A. Sites Carolyn A. Sites

Carolyn A. Sites Data Manager Reviewed by

Laboratory Manager

25' 4Q'

CAS:mat

Attachments

NOTE: Samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report, unless we are informed otherwise.

DATA SUMMARY

Sample I.D.	pH (units)	Chromium (mg/kg)
A-1-2F-5L5 A1-A-SL6- 5'	7.25	3.1
A-1-2F-45 A1-A-SL6 10'	8.27	2.7
A-1-2F-SLG-A1-A-SL7- 5'	9.37	4.5
A-1-ZF-SL6-A1-A-SL7- 10'	8.53	11.3
A-1-2F-SL7-A1-A-SL8- 6'	8.78	7.6
A-1-7F-SL7 A1-A-SL8 10'	8.25	12.1
A-1-A-SL1 A1-A-SL9 5'	7.88	102
A-1-A-SLI A1-A-SL9 10'	7.91	65.8
A-1-2F-5L8 -A1-A-SL10 5'	8.08	5.2
A-1-2F-SL8 -A1-A-SL10 10'	7.56	23.7
A-1-M-SLI A1-A-LSY-1 5.5'	9.80	6.4
A-1-M-SLI - A1-A-LSY 1-10'	7.95	30.1
A-1-2F-SLI-A1-A-SLZ 5'	8.69	40.0
A-1-2F-5LI A1-A-SL2 10'	7.92	48.1
A-1-2F-5L2 A1-A-SL3 5'	8.43	6.8
4-1-2F-SLZA1-A-SL3 10'	8.53	6.2
A-1-2F-5L3 A1-A-SL4 5'	8.25	4.7
A-1-25-5L3 A1-A-SL4- 10'	8.44	4.8
A-1-2F-514 A1-A-SL5 5'	8.62	19.8
A-1-7 F-5 LY A 1- A-SL5- 10'	8.78	2.6
A-1-2F-519 A1-A-SL11- 5'	8.80	16.1
A-1-2F-5L9 A1-A-SL11 10'	8.59	25.9

Note: Sample ID Numbers assigned in the field were changed after samples were sent to the laboratory. The correcte ID Numbers are shown above.

SULFATE ANALYSES

Gregg & Associates Lockheed Project Date of Analysis: 11-12-84

Sample I.D.	Soluble Sulfate (mg/kg)
A-1-2F-SLS A1-A-SL6 5'	9.3
A-1-2F-SLS A1-A-SL-6 10'	<8.0
A-1-2F-5L6 Al-A-5L7 5'	17
A-1-2F-5L6 Al-A-5L7-10'	13
A-1-2F-47 A1-A-5 [8 5'	10
A-1-2F-47 A1 -A-5[8 -10'	13
A-I-A-SLIA I-A-SL9 5'	250
A-I-A-SLIA I-A-SL9 10'	260
A-1-2F-SL8A 1-A-SL10 5'	26
A-1-2F-SL8A 1-A-SL10 10'	80
A-I-M-SLI A 1-A-LSY-1 5.5'	81
A-I-M-SLI A 1-A-LSY- 1 10'	210
A-1-2F-SLIA 1-A-SL2- 5'	41
A-1-2F-SLIA 1-A-SL2- 10'	30
A-1-2F-SL2 A2-A-SL3 5'	18
A-1-2F-SL2 N2-A-SL3 10'	17
A-1-2F-SL3A 1-A-SL4 5'	8.7
A-1-2F-SL3A 1-A-SL4' 10'	11
A-1-2F-SL4 A1-A-SL5- 5'	14
A-1-2F- SL4A1-A-SL5- 10'	<8.0
A-1-2F-SL9A 1-A-SL11 5'	33
A-1-2F-SL9A 1-A-SL11 10'	27

Note: Sample ID numbers assigned in the field were changed after samples were sent to the laboratory. The corrected ID numbers are shown above.